

Abstract: Show of prestige and change of rule in Tirol and Salzburg, 1806–1816

The time of the Napoleonic Wars (1792–1814) was a period of unprecedented territorial and structural change. Following the wars and peace agreements, the great European powers exchanged ecclesiastical and secular principalities. The new rulers legitimized their dominions with military and civilian confiscations, such as carried out by the Bavarians in Tyrol in 1806 and in Salzburg in 1810. The Austrian Habsburgs similarly took over Tyrol in 1814 and Salzburg in 1816, but under Emperor Franz II/I (1792–1835) symbolic power suddenly came to the fore again, as hereditary homage was once again celebrated.

Keywords: political communication; rule; history of Tyrol; history of Salzburg; hereditary homage

Schlagworte: Politische Kommunikation; Herrschaft; Tiroler Landesgeschichte; Salzburger Landesgeschichte; Erbhuldigung